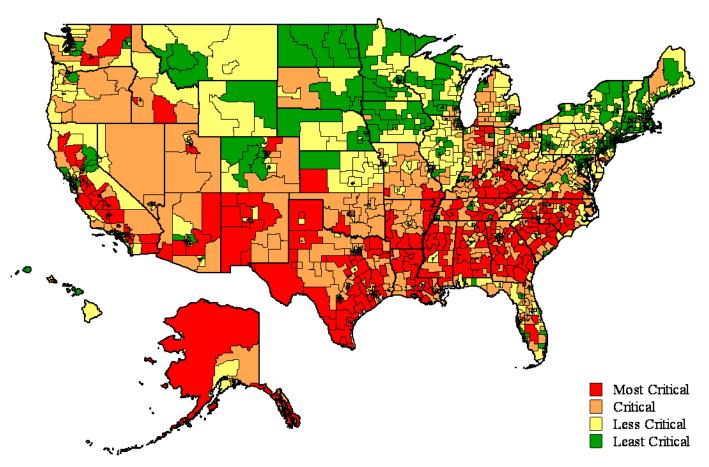
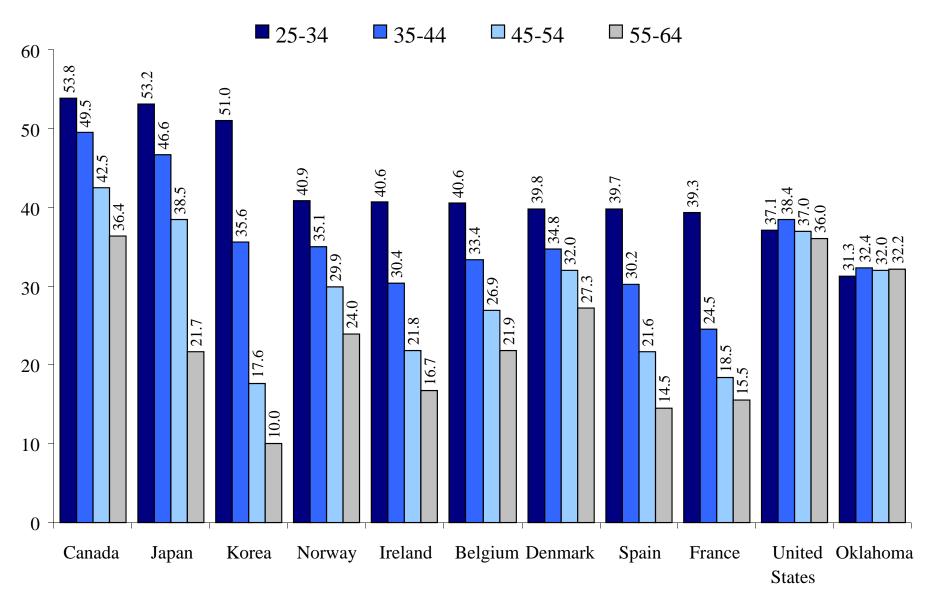
### Educational Needs Index Project Selected Oklahoma Highlights



Houston D. Davis, Ph.D., Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education Brian E. Noland, Ph.D., West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission Patrick Kelly, National Center for Higher Education Management Systems

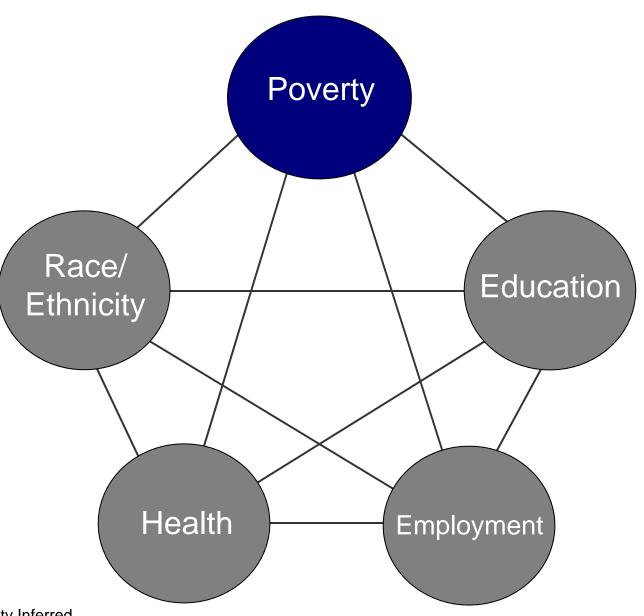


### Percent of Adults with an Associates Degree or Higher by Age-Group – The U.S., Oklahoma, and Leading OECD Countries (2005)



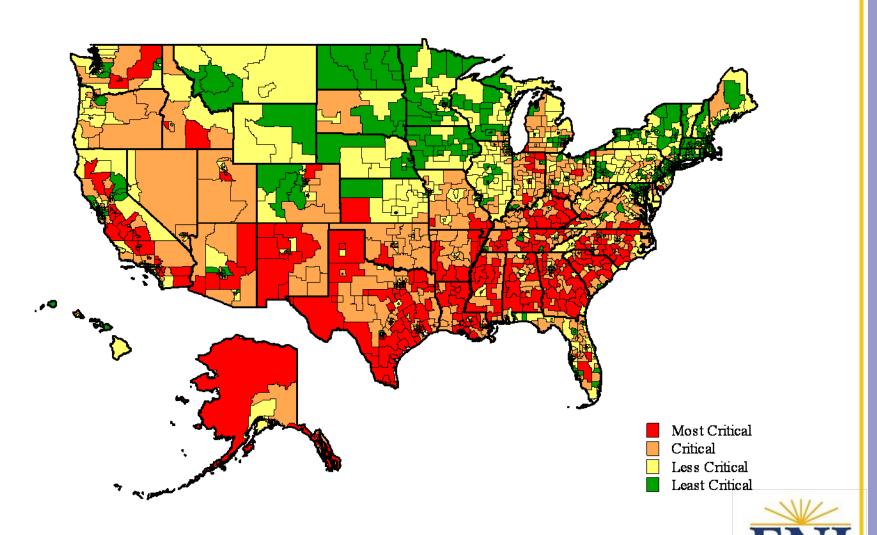
	United States	%	OECD Countries
Percent of Adults Age 25-34		54	Canada
with College Degrees	Massachusetts	53	Japan
(Associate and Higher), 2005		52 51	Korea
		50	Roled
	Minnesota	49	
	New York New Jersey – North Dakota	48 47	
Cor	nnecticut – Nebraska – New Hampshire	45	
Colorado – Maryland – South Dakota – Virginia Iowa – Vermont Illinois – Pennsylvania – Rhode Island Washington – Wisconsin		44	
		43	
		42 41	Norway e Iroland e Rolgium
		40	Norway • Ireland • Belgium Denmark • Spain
Kansas – Utah-Puerto Rico		39	France • UNITED STATES
Delaware		38	Australia • Finland
Georgia – Hawaii – Maine – Michigan – Montana – North Carolina - Ohio California – Florida – Oregon Missouri Indiana Mississippi Alabama – Alaska – Arizona – South Carolina – Tennessee – Wyoming Kentucky – <b>Oklahoma</b> – Texas		37	Sweden • Luxembourg
		36	Iceland Netherlands • United Kingdom
		34	Russian Federation
		33	Estonia
		32	
		31	Switzerland • New Zealand
	Idaho – Louisiana – West Virginia	30	
	New Mexico Arkansas	28 27	
Nevada		26	Poland
		25	Greece
		24	
		23   22	Germany
		20	Austria • Hungary
		19	Portugal
		18	Mexico • Chile
		17	Clavels Depublic a Italy
		16 15	Slovak Republic • Italy
		14	Czech Republic
		12	Turkey
ource: U.S. Census Bureau; OECD		10	Slovenia
		<del>-8</del>	Brazil

### A Tangled Web



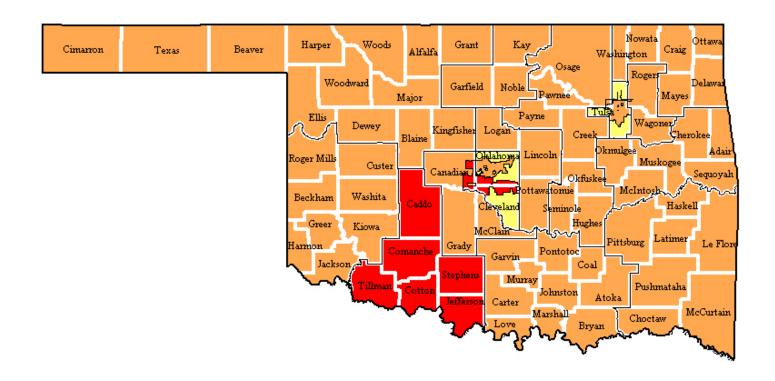
Note: No Causality Inferred

#### ENI – Overall Index by Quartile



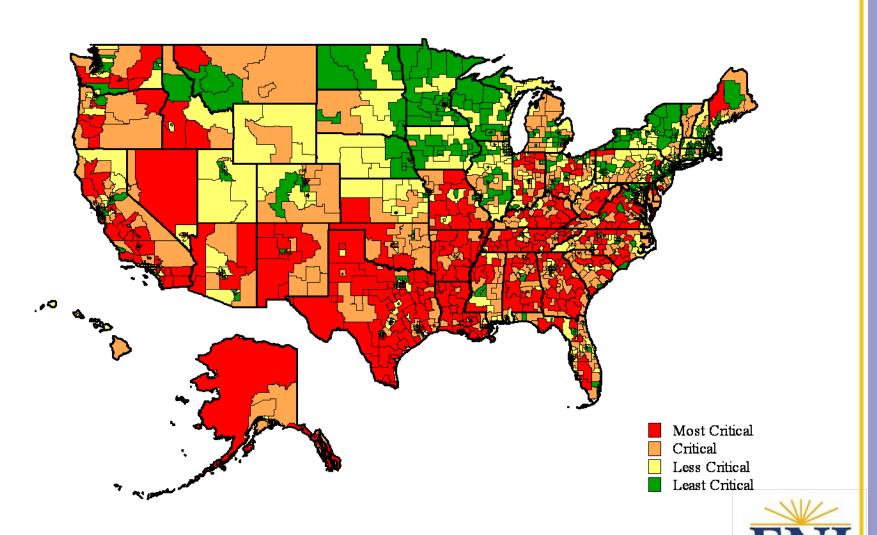
Source: Educational Needs Index, www.educationalneedsindex.com

#### ENI – Overall Index by Quartile



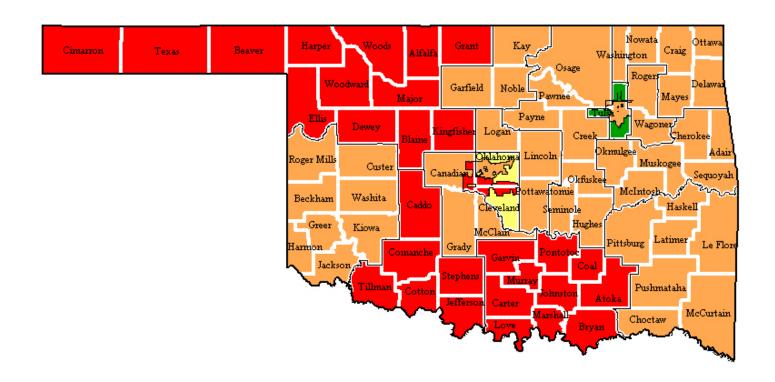


#### ENI – Education Factor by Quartile



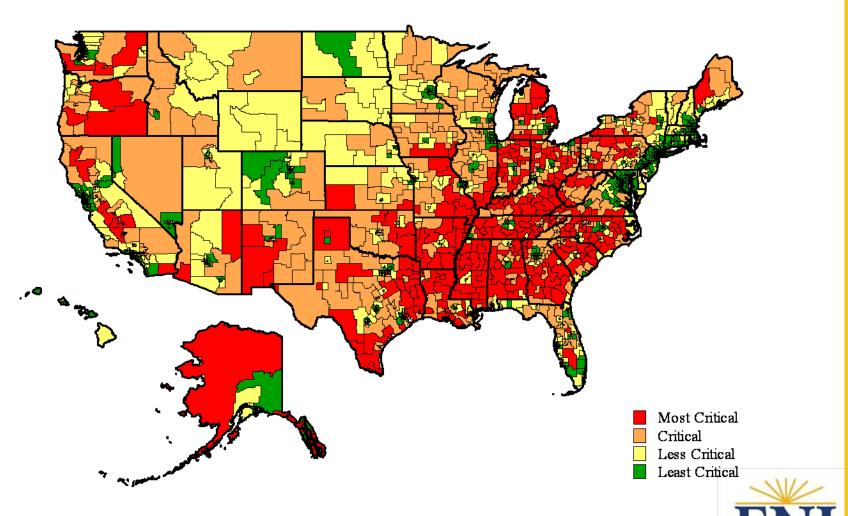
Source: Educational Needs Index, www.educationalneedsindex.com

#### ENI – Education Factor by Quartile



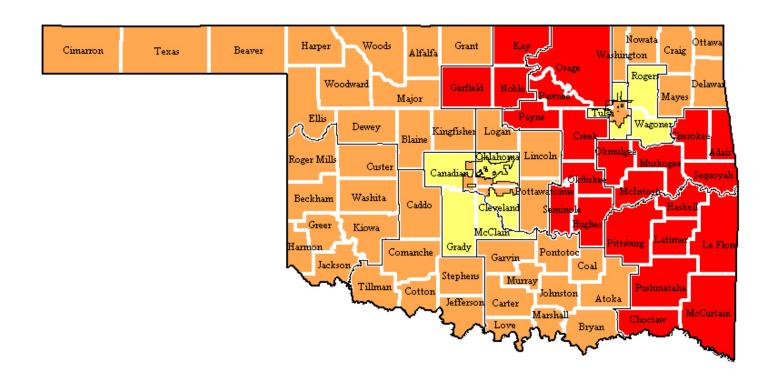


#### ENI – Economic Factor by Quartile



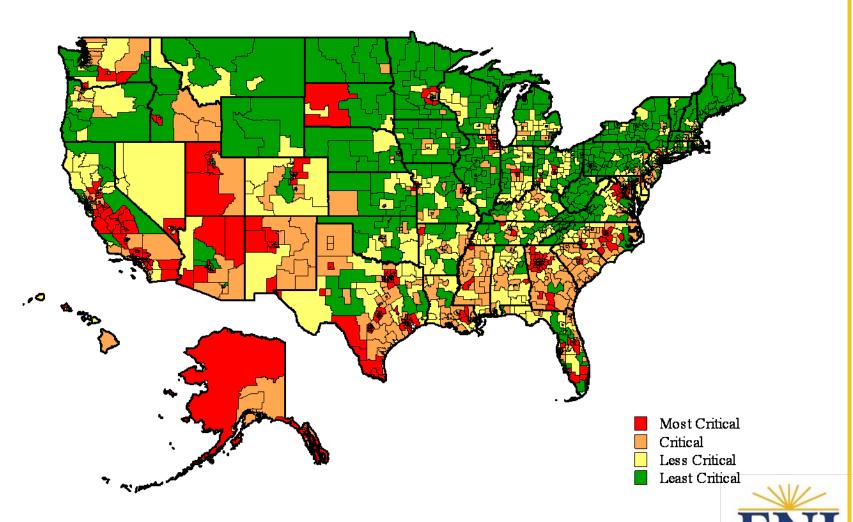
Source: Educational Needs Index, www.educationalneedsindex.com

#### ENI – Economic Factor by Quartile



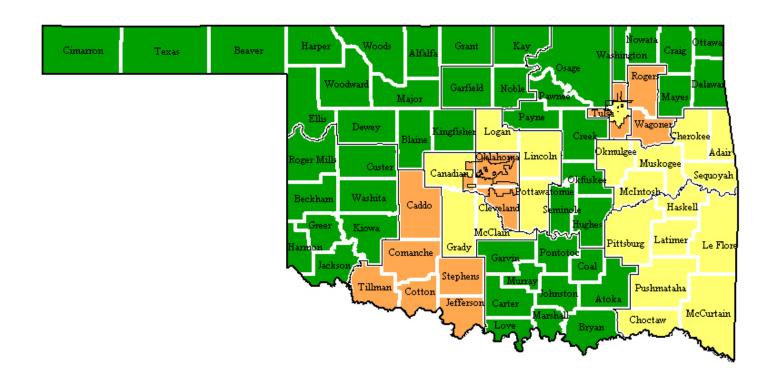


#### ENI – Population Factor by Quartile



Source: Educational Needs Index, www.educationalneedsindex.com

#### ENI – Population Factor by Quartile





### Oklahoma Regional Demographic Profiles

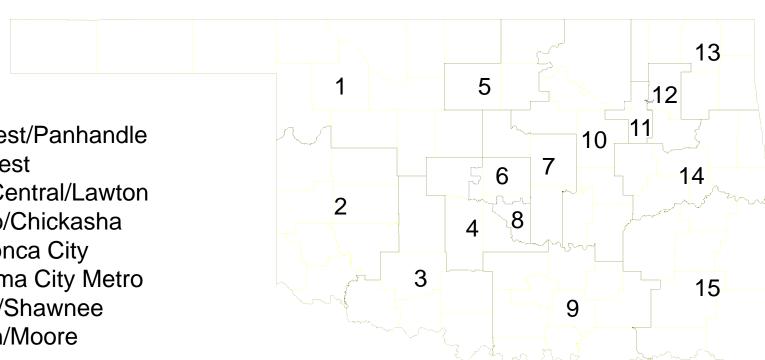
# Eastern, Northeast, and Rogers/Wagoner Regions

Created from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (2005-07 Public Use Microdata Sample)

June 2009

Created by the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems

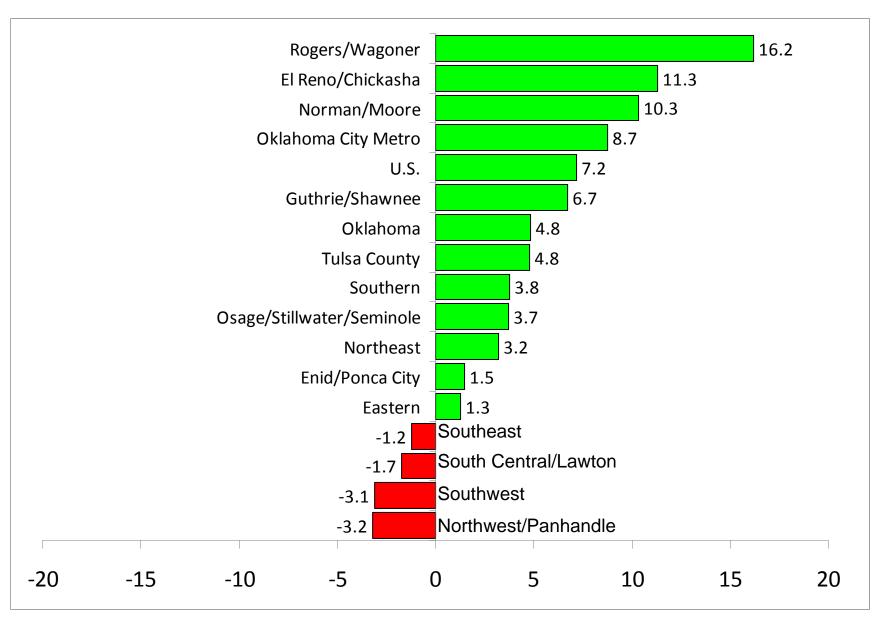
#### Oklahoma Regions for ENI and "Making Place" Matter" Data



- 1. Northwest/Panhandle
- 2. Southwest
- 3. South Central/Lawton
- 4. El Reno/Chickasha
- 5. Enid/Ponca City
- 6. Oklahoma City Metro
- 7. Guthrie/Shawnee
- 8. Norman/Moore
- 9. Southern
- 10.Osage/Stillwater/Seminole
- 11. Tulsa County
- 12. Rogers/Wagoner
- 13. Northeast
- 14. Eastern
- 15. Southeast

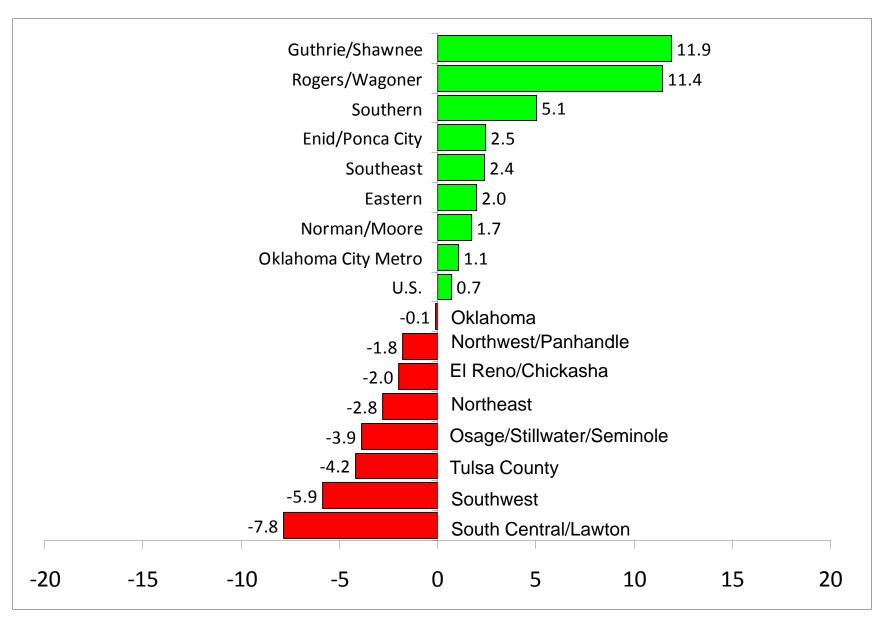
U.S. Census Bureau's Public Use Microdata Samples

#### Total Population Change (%) by Region, 2000-07



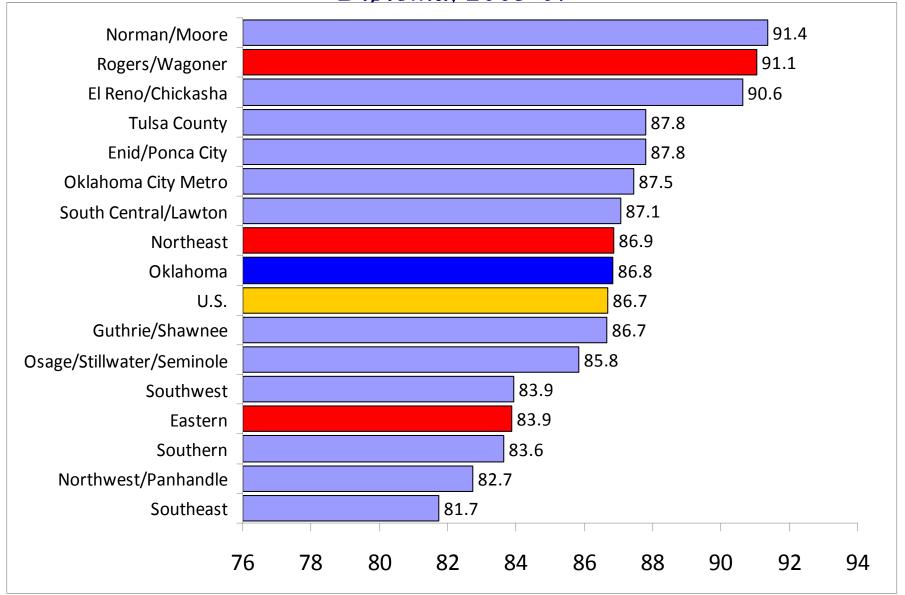
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey.

#### Age 25 to 49 Population Change (%) by Region, 2000-07



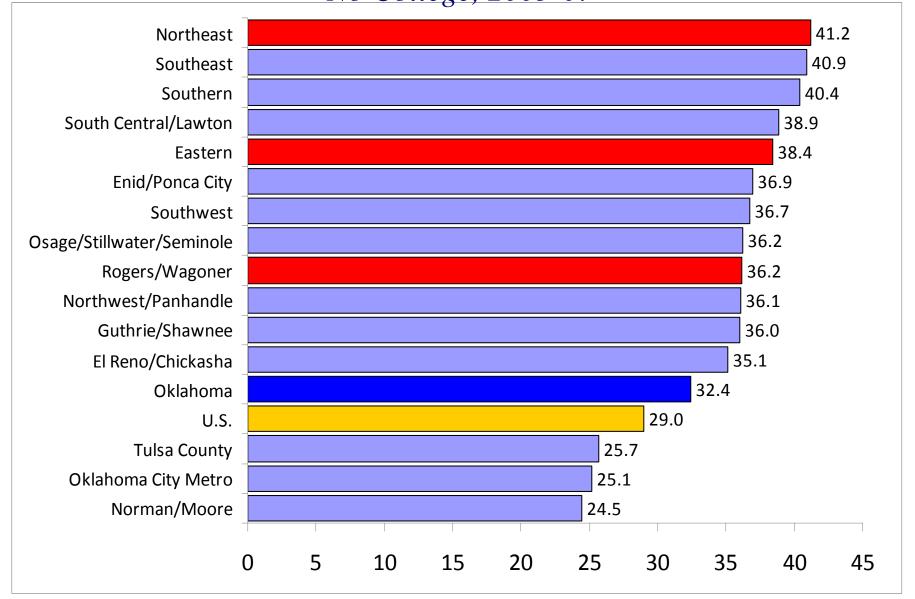
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey.

Percent of 25 to 64 Year Olds with at Least a High School Diploma, 2005-07



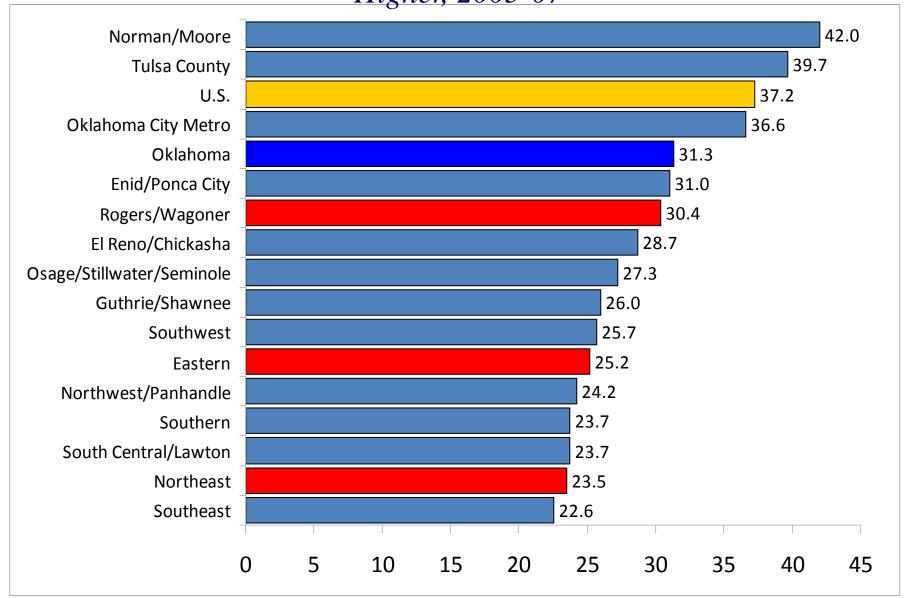
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

Percent of 25 to 64 Year Olds with a High School Diploma, but No College, 2005-07



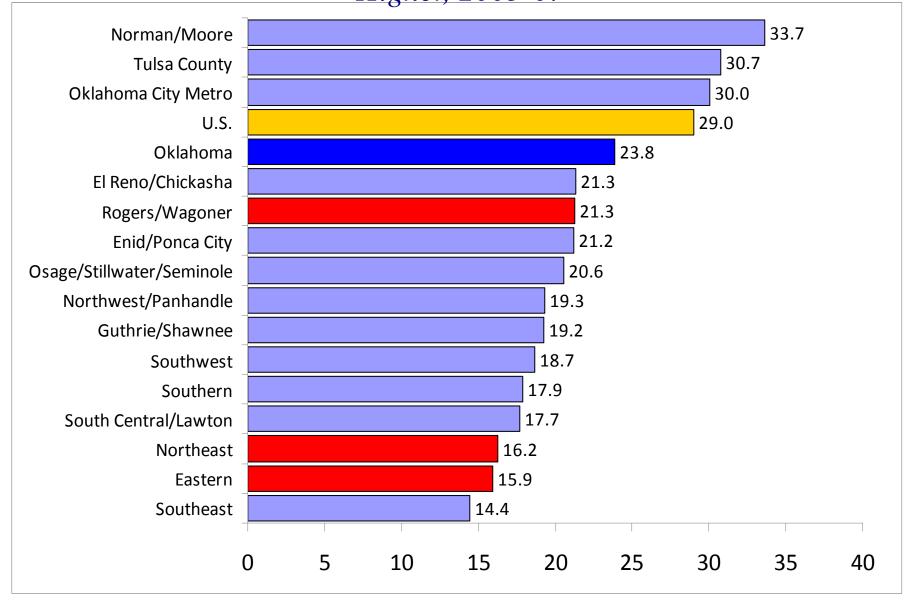
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

Percent of 25 to 64 Year Olds with an Associates Degree or Higher, 2005-07



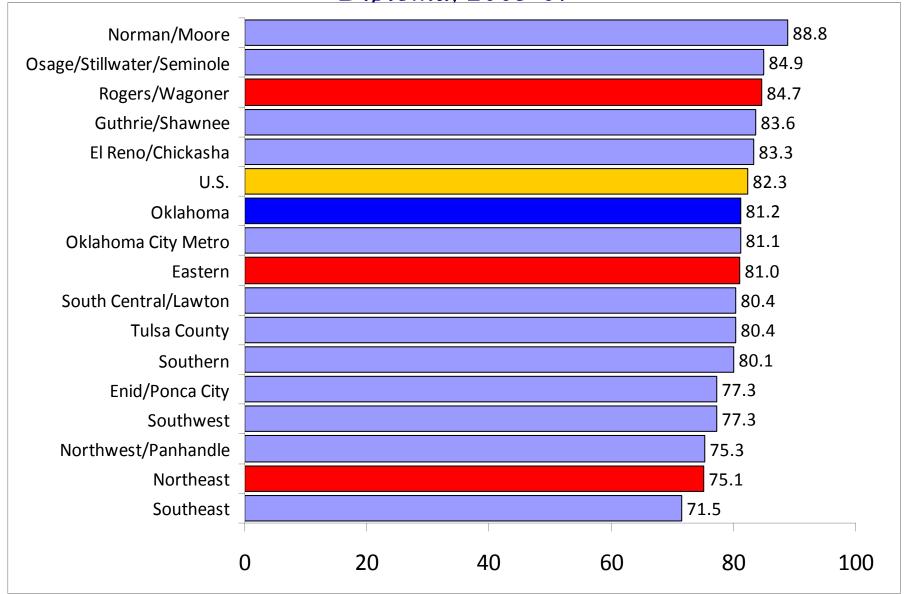
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

Percent of 25 to 64 Year Olds with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher, 2005-07



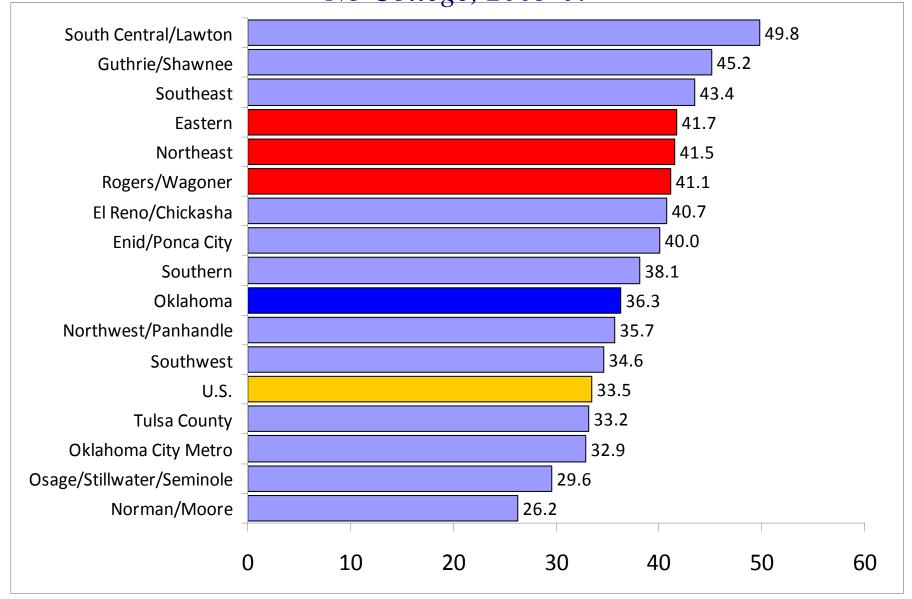
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

Percent of 18 to 24 Year Olds with at Least a High School Diploma, 2005-07



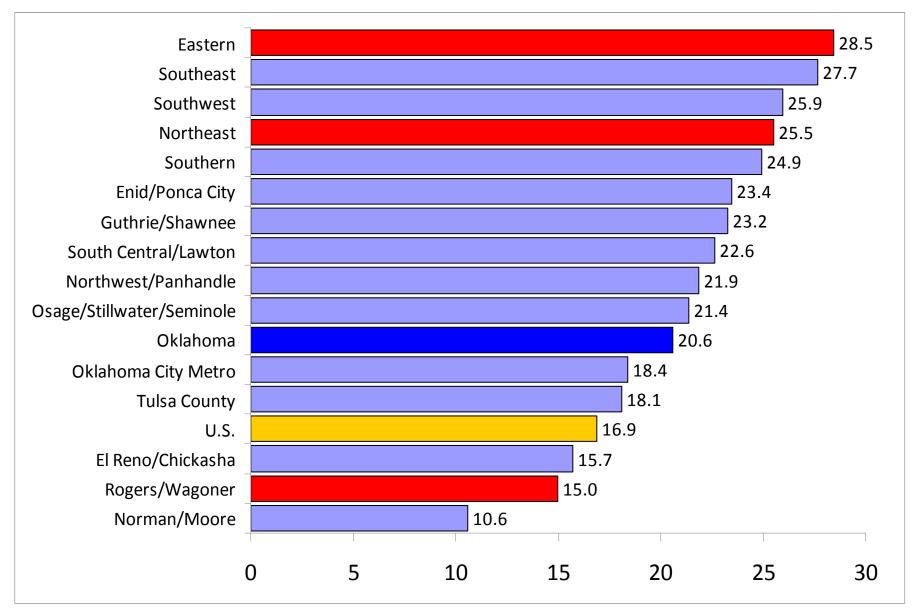
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

Percent of 18 to 24 Year Olds with a High School Diploma, But No College, 2005-07



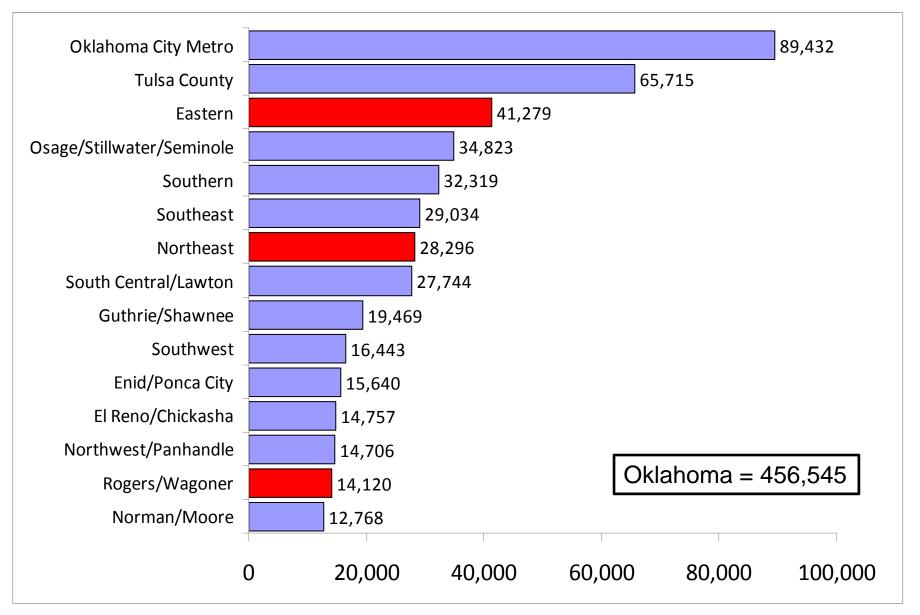
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

<u>Percent</u> of 18 to 64 Year Olds Who Have Just a High School Diploma or Less and are Living in Families with Incomes Below a Living Wage



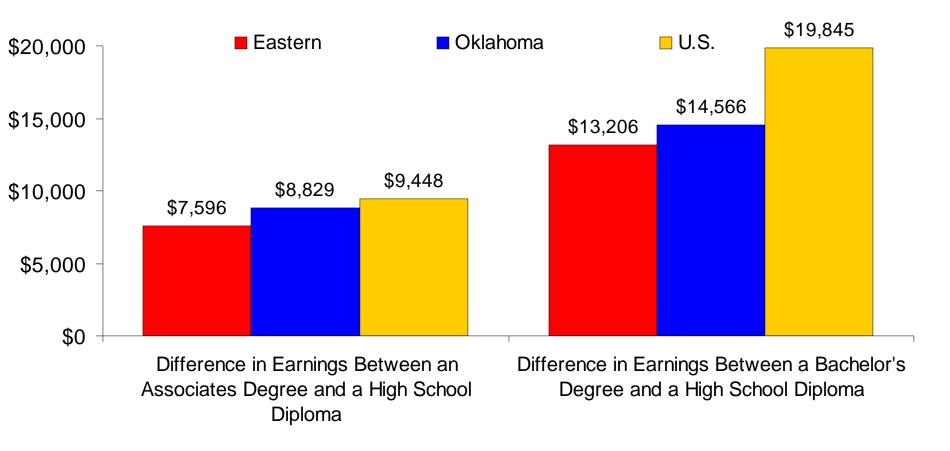
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

### Number of 18 to 64 Year Olds Who Have Just a High School Diploma or Less and are Living in Families with Incomes Below a Living Wage

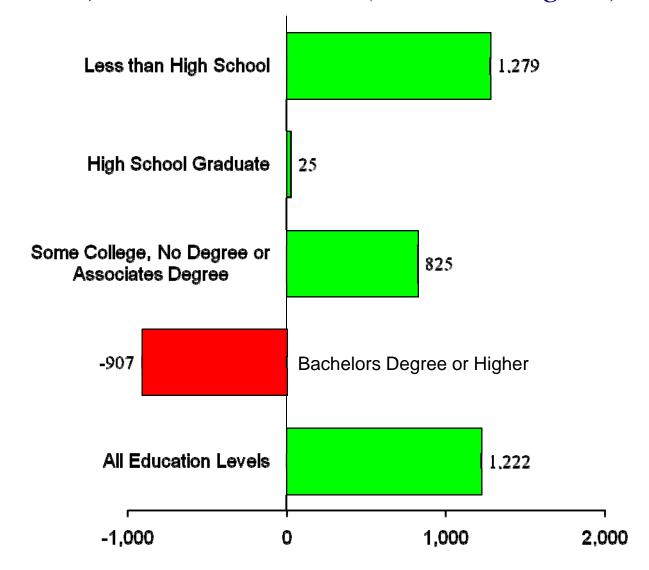


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

# Increase in Earnings from a High School Diploma to a College Degree, 2005-07

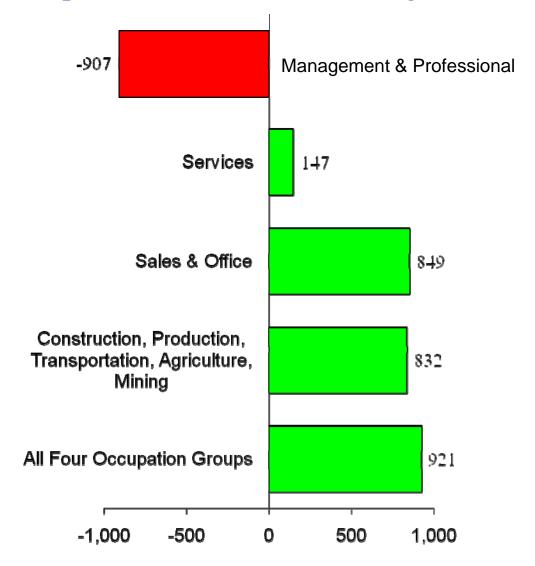


## Average Annual Net Migration by Degree-Level (2005-2007) 22-64 Year Olds (Eastern Region)

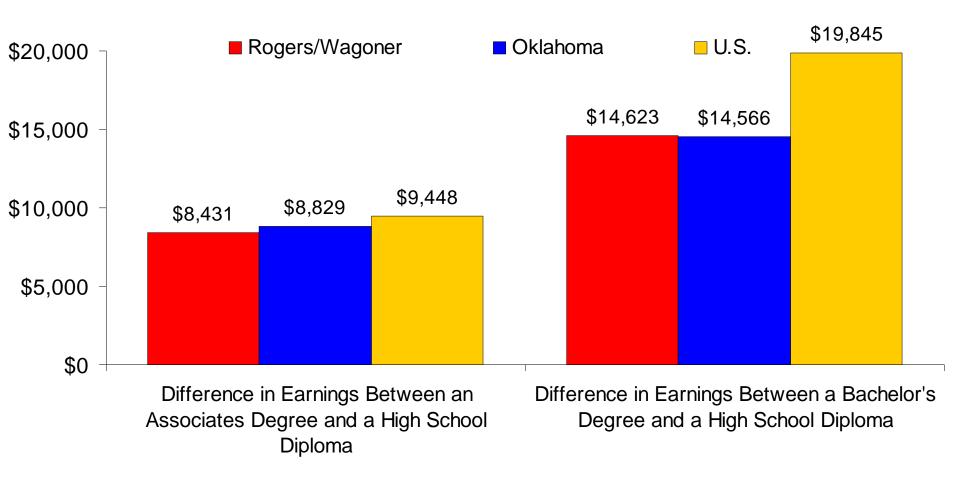


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

### Age 16+ Average Annual Migration by Occupation Group, 2005-07(Eastern Region)

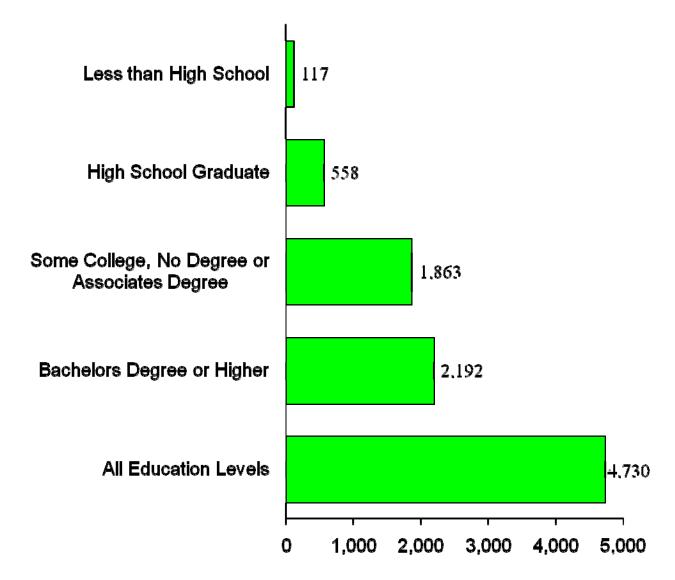


# Increase in Earnings from a High School Diploma to a College Degree, 2005-07



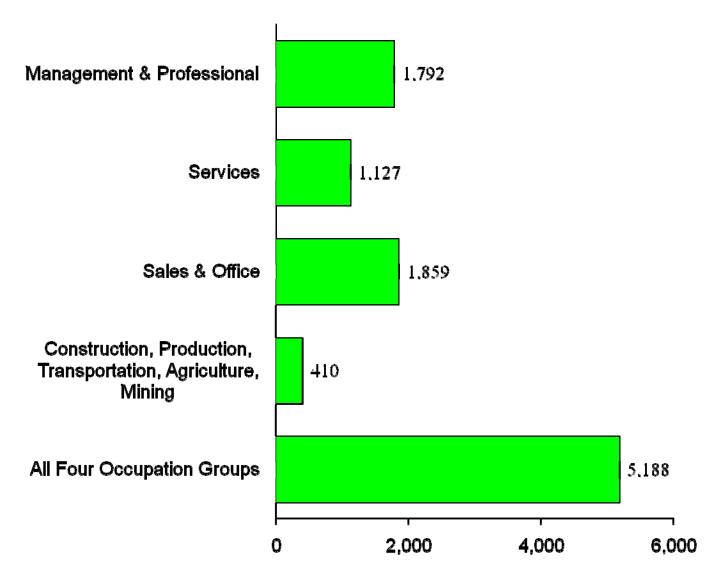
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

### Average Annual Net Migration by Degree-Level (2005-2007) 22-64 Year Olds (Osage/Stillwater/Seminole, Tulsa County, Rogers/Wagoner Regions)



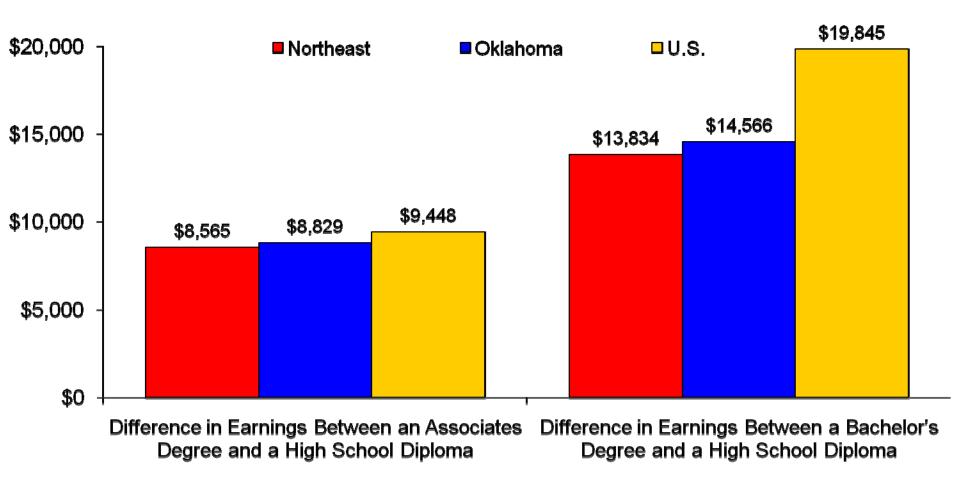
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

### Age 16+ Average Annual Migration by Occupation Group, 2005-07 (Osage/Stillwater/Seminole, Tulsa County, Rogers/Wagoner Regions)



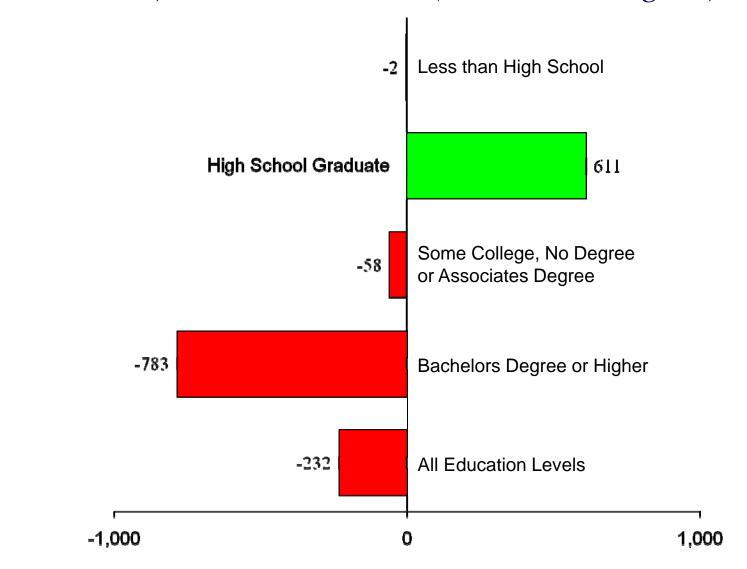
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

# Increase in Earnings from a High School Diploma to a College Degree, 2005-07



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

# Average Annual Net Migration by Degree-Level (2005-2007) 22-64 Year Olds (Northeast Region)



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-07 American Community Survey (ACS) Three-Year Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File.

# Age 16+ Average Annual Migration by Occupation Group, 2005-07(Northeast Region)



#### For additional information on the Educational Needs Index contact:

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Mr. Patrick Kelly, NCHEMS patrick@nchems.org or 303/497-0307

Dr. Brian Noland, West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission <a href="mailto:noland@hepc.wvnet.edu">noland@hepc.wvnet.edu</a> or 304/558-2101

For detailed information about ENI visit:

http://www.educationalneedsindex.com

